

Dividend Growth Premium Income Commentary

September 30, 2021

MARKET REVIEW

3Q21 was an underwhelming quarter in the capital markets with equities drifting somewhat aimlessly during the summer months and bond yields just slightly changed from the prior quarter end. That's not to say it wasn't interesting getting from point A to point B as the S&P 500[®] hit an all-time high during September before retreating and eking out a positive 0.6% return for the quarter. For its part, the US Treasury (UST) curve bull flattened during the first half of the quarter before reversing course and ending up virtually unchanged. The 10-year UST yield finished just 2 basis points higher than the previous quarter at 1.49%.

There were a few catalysts for this price action during the quarter, including the Federal Reserve's (Fed) confusing messaging regarding monetary policy, supply chain and inflation issues, and China's crackdown on the private sector. By the July 28 Federal Open Market Committee Meeting, the Fed was able to re-assure markets that tapering does not mean rate hikes. Indeed, if the Fed begins tapering its asset purchases late this year, they would in all likelihood not be finished until late 2022. This would put the first rate hike on the table no earlier than late 2022. This easier-for-longer stance caused the yield curve to re-steepen as the quarter wore on. The resignation of two hawkish Federal Reserve Bank presidents over their controversial personal investment trading while setting Fed policy further emboldened the easier-for-longer narrative as new appointees would undoubtedly tilt dovish. All other things equal, these would be positive developments for equity markets.

On the inflation front, the Fed has been preaching the transitory nature of inflation for over a year now, but broad US inflation indices are running between 4% and 5.5% year-over-year. Additionally, commodity prices globally continue to rise with the S&P Goldman Sachs Commodity Index posting a hefty 36.2% increase YTD. If these inflation measures do not turn out to be transitory, then fixed income yields will have to adjust upward.

As we enter the 4th quarter, the debt ceiling, government shutdowns, and stimulus bills all seem poised to create drama in the markets. For now, the government has enough funding to remain open through December 3rd. However, unless the debt ceiling is raised by October 18, the US could default on some of its Treasury obligations. Despite the theatrics in Washington DC, we expect these issues to be resolved allowing market participants to focus on easy monetary policy, fiscal stimulus, and corporate earnings—all of which could provide additional runway for equity market returns and be challenging for fixed income.

DIVIDEND GROWTH PREMIUM INCOME PORTFOLIO REVIEW

The Dividend Growth Premium Income Composite returned -0.67% net of fees for the quarter ending September 30, 2021. The strategy's benchmark, the S&P 500 Index, returned 0.58% during the same time period.

A congruence of macro themes contributed to the push-and-pull developments in the stock market in Q3. Easy financial conditions, accommodative monetary policy, strong consumer demand, outsized earnings beats, corporate buybacks, and dividend increases provided a tailwind to equities. This coincided with deterioration of sentiment and worries of peak policy, peak growth, peak earnings, additional fiscal stimulus uncertainty, and stagflation fears triggered by the spread of the Delta variant, supply chain issues, and input price pressures.

STRATEGY INFORMATION

Benchmark	S&P 500 [®] Index
Business Minimum	\$1M
Number of Holdings	44
Assets	\$12.42M

PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT TEAM


Julia Batchenko, CFA

Portfolio Manager

Industry start date: 2011

Joined Red Cedar: 2019



INVESTMENT PHILOSOPHY

“We seek companies that possess a combination of three essential criteria: growth of dividends, consistency of earnings and enhanced profitability.”

—Julia Batchenko

Dividend Growth Premium Income Commentary

September 30, 2021

Leading economic indicators deteriorated during the quarter and a risk-off environment dominated the market with growth outperforming value.

Traditionally defensive areas of the market communications, healthcare, and utilities were joined by the stagflation fear defensive's large cap technology and financials.

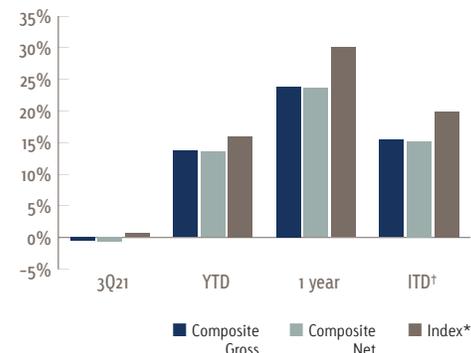
Our stock selection in REITs, utilities, and technology sectors contributed the most to the performance.

Overweight of the economically sensitive materials and energy and stock selection in healthcare were the largest detractors.

DIVIDEND GROWTH PREMIUM INCOME POSITIONING & OUTLOOK

We continue to believe that growth will remain above trend and most of the supply chain issues are known and are baked into the growth expectations for the remainder of the year. With input prices rising, investors should continue to focus on rising commodity, employment, and supply chain costs impacting companies' margins and reward companies that can pass those costs to the consumers.

PERFORMANCE



Period	Composite Gross	Composite Net	Index*
3Q21	-0.62%	-0.67%	0.58%
YTD	13.67%	13.49%	15.92%
1 year	23.76%	23.49%	30.01%
ITD+	15.34%	15.11%	19.83%

†Inception Date 1/1/2020

Periods greater than 12 months are annualized

*S&P 500® Index

Source: Bloomberg, Clearwater Analytics

DISCLOSURES

Red Cedar Investment Management, LLC ("RCIM") is an investment adviser registered under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, founded in 2013. Registration as an investment adviser does not imply any level of skill or training. The oral and written communications of an adviser provide you with information about which you determine to hire or retain an adviser. For more information please visit: www.adviserinfo.sec.gov and search for our firm name. Neither the information nor any opinion expressed herein should be construed as personalized investment, tax, or legal advice, or a recommendation of any particular security or strategy.

The securities discussed do not represent the Composite's entire portfolio. Actual holdings will vary depending on the size of the account, cash flows, and restrictions. It should not be assumed that any of the securities transactions or holdings discussed will prove to be profitable, or that the investment recommendations or decisions we make in the future will be profitable or will equal the investment performance of the securities discussed herein.

The information presented in this material is general in nature and not designed to address your investment objectives, financial situation, or particular needs. Prior to making any investment decision, you should assess, or seek advice from a professional regarding whether any particular transaction is relevant or appropriate to your individual circumstances. The mention of specific securities and sectors illustrates the application of our investment approach only and is not considered a recommendation by RCIM. There is no assurance that the securities purchased remain in the portfolio or that securities sold have not been repurchased. The opinions expressed herein are those of RCIM and may not actually come to pass.

All information and performance are reported in US dollars.

The "Net" returns presented are net of fees. Investing involves the risk of loss and investors should be prepared to bear potential losses. Past performance is not indicative of future results.

The "Gross" returns presented are gross of fees. The results do not reflect the deduction of investment management fees. The client's return will be reduced by the management fees and any other expenses incurred in the management of the account. For example, a US \$100 million account, paying a 0.50% annual fee, with a given rate of 10% compounded over a 10-year period would result in a net of fee return of 9.5%. Management fees are

described in Part 2A of RCIM's Form ADV. Investing involves the risk of loss and investors should be prepared to bear potential losses. Past performance is not indicative of future results.

The information herein was obtained from various sources. RCIM does not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of information provided by third parties. The information in this report is given as of the date indicated and believed to be reliable. RCIM assumes no obligation to update this information, or to advise on further developments relating to it.

Dividend Growth Premium Income Composite includes all fully discretionary institutional portfolios that invest in common stocks with market capitalization of \$2 billion and higher and a dividend yield of at least 1%. The Composite was created January 1, 2020. The inception date of the Composite was January 1, 2020.

The benchmark is the Standard & Poor's 500 Index ("S&P 500 Index"). The S&P 500 Index is a market-capitalization-weighted index of the 500 largest U.S. publicly traded companies.

Benchmark Definitions: S&P 500® Index is widely regarded as the best single gauge of the U.S. equities market. The index includes a representative sample of 500 leading companies in industries of the U.S. economy. S&P Goldman Sachs Commodity Index serves as a benchmark for investment in the commodity markets and as a measure of commodity performance over time.

An index is an unmanaged portfolio of specific securities, the performance of which is often used as a benchmark in judging the relative performance of certain asset classes. Investors cannot invest directly in an index. An index does not charge management fees or brokerage expenses, and no such fees or expenses were deducted from the performance shown.

RCIM claims compliance with the Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS®). GIPS® is a registered trademark of CFA Institute. CFA Institute does not endorse or promote this organization, nor does it warrant the accuracy or quality of the content contained herein. Please see the Composite's GIPS® Composite Report for important additional information. To receive a list of composite descriptions and/or GIPS® Composite Report that complies with the GIPS® standards, contact RCIM at mfeldhaus@redcedarim.com.

